Building Antiracist Policies and Practices into Health Care Settings

CareQuest Institute Continuing Education Webinar

September 30, 2021



Housekeeping

- All lines will remain muted to avoid background noise.
- We will send a copy of the slides and a link to the recording via email after the live program.
- The slides and the recording will also be available on carequest.org

To receive CE Credits:

- Look for the evaluation form, which we'll send via email.
- Complete the evaluation by October 8.
- You'll receive a certificate soon after via email.

We appreciate your feedback to help us improve future programs!

ADA C·E·R·P[®] Continuing Education Recognition Program

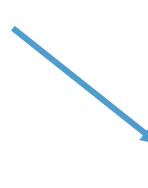
The CareQuest Institute for Oral Health is an ADA CERP Recognized Provider. This presentation has been planned and implemented in accordance with the standards of the ADA CERP.

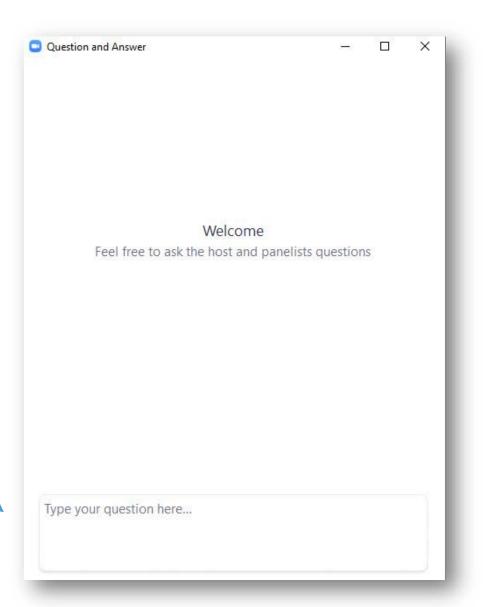
*Full disclosures available upon request



Question & Answer Logistics

- Feel free to enter your questions into the **Question & Answer box** throughout the presentations.
- We will turn to your questions and comments toward the end of the hour.







Learning Objectives

At the end of this webinar, you'll be able to:

- Define racism and antiracism.
- Identify policies and behaviors that promote antiracism in oral and primary health care settings.
- Explain how antiracist policies and behaviors can lead to health equity.





Vision

A future where every person can reach their full potential through optimal health

Mission

To improve the oral health of all

Purpose

To catalyze the future of health through oral health





Today's Presenters

Building Antiracist Policies and Practices into Health Care Settings



WEBINAR | Thurs., Sept. 30, 2021 | 1 p.m. (ET) | ADA CERP Credits: 1



Eleanor Fleming, PhD, DDS, MPH Associate Professor, Department of Dental Public Health, Meharry Medical College



Derek M. Griffith, PhD Founding Co-Director of the Racial Justice Institute, Professor of Health Systems Administration and Oncology at Georgetown University

SPEAKER

Sarah E. Raskin, PhD, MPH Assistant Professor, iCubed Oral Health Core and L. Douglas Wilder School of Government and Public Affairs, Virginia Commonwealth University

SPEAKER



Monica Wang, ScD, MS Associate Director at BU Center for Antiracist Research, Associate Professor at BU School of Public Health



Racism—Not Race—as a Risk Factor During COVID-19

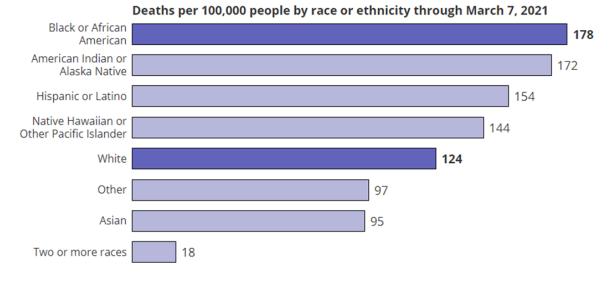
One in every 480 Black Americans, one in every 390 Hispanic Americans, one in every 240 Native Americans have been killed by COVID-19.



ttps://www.washingtonpost.com/health/interactive/2021/1-in-500-covid-deaths/, accessed on September 20, 2021.

Nationwide, Black people have died at 1.4 times the rate of white people

We've lost at least 73,462 Black lives to COVID-19 to date. Black people account for 15% of COVID-19 deaths where race is known.

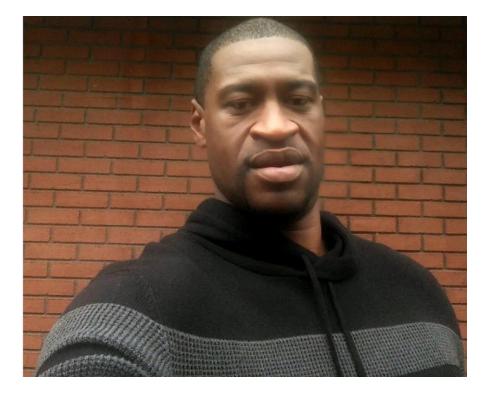


Notes 1

These calculations are based on data from The Covid Racial Data Tracker and the U.S. Census Bureau. Race categories may overlap with Hispanic/Latinx ethnicity. Rates are not age-adjusted and some rates are underestimated due to lack of reporting of race and ethnicity categories for COVID-19 deaths.



WE REMEMBER George Floyd (1973 – 2020)





2020

BLACK IVES MATTER



$\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

"We are not a 'historically' underserved population. My history is one of ancestors who survived so I could thrive. My history didn't start with 'western civilization'. I am colonially underserved. I am institutionally underserved. And I am historically resilient."

Abigail Echo-Hawk (Pawnee) Director, Urban Indian Health Institute #STOP ASIAN HATE "The problem in America is not race...The problem is not that people look different from each other. **The problem is that people are treated differently because of the way they look. The problem is racism.**" (Jenkins et al., 2019)





Antiracist Policy Strategies for the Oral Health Workforce

Sarah E. Raskin, PhD, MPH



What I'll Cover

- Oral health workforce snapshot
- Emerging evidence
- Future directions

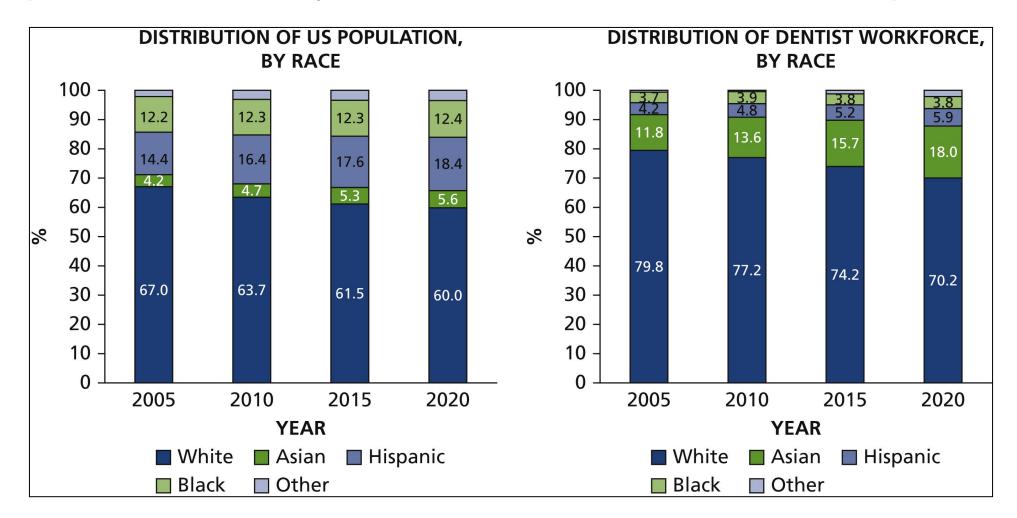


Thank You, Collaborators!

- Dr. Eleanor Fleming
- Partners on DentaQuest-supported project, "Black, Latinx, and American Indian students entering multidisciplinary dental careers"
- Analytics and Evaluation Team—*State of Oral Health Equity in America 2021* survey team, CareQuest Institute
- Future of Public Oral Health Task Force—Workforce Implementation Team, Virginia Health Catalyst
- iCubed Oral Health Core, Virginia Commonwealth University



Snapshot: Diversity Trends in Workforce vs. Population

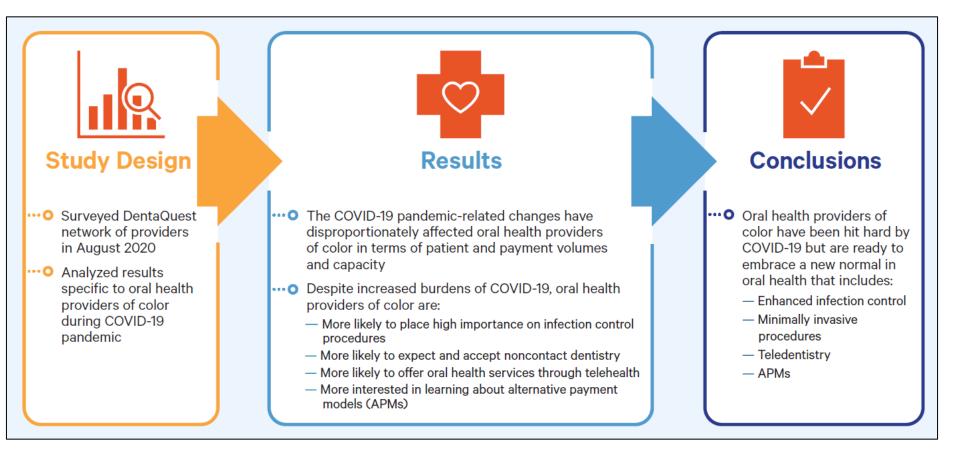




Diversity and trends of the general population compared with the dentist workforce, by race, 2005 through 2020. Source: American Dental Association Health Policy Institute. Available at: 10.1016/j.adai.2021.02.003

Wright, J.T., Vujicic, M. and Frazier-Bowers, S., 2021. Elevating dentistry through diversity. The Journal of the American Dental Association, 152(4), pp.253-255.

Snapshot: COVID-19 & Racially Minoritized Providers



How COVID-19 is Affecting Oral Health Providers of Color. Available at: <u>https://www.carequest.org/system/files/CareQuest-Institute-Providers-of-Color-Face-Greater-Hardships-Impact-COVID-19-Report-Abstract.pdf</u>



Tranby E P, Jacobs M, Thakkar Samtani M, Perry K, and Frantsve-Hawley J. Oral Health Providers of Color Face Greater Hardships from the Impact of COVID-19. Boston, MA: CareQuest Institute for Oral Health; December 2020. DOI: 10.35565/CQI.2020.2027

See also: García, D.T., Akinkugbe, A.A., Mosavel, M., Smith, C.S. and Brickhouse, T.H., 2021. COVID-19 and Dental and Dental Hygiene Students' Career Plans. JDR Clinical & Translational Research, 6(2), pp.153-160. DOI: 10.1177/2380084420984772

"The underlying issue is not lack of vision or options, but a lack of political will and resources to implement change."

Mertz E.A. et al. 2016:2198



Mertz, E.A., Wides, C.D., Kottek, A.M., Calvo, J.M. and Gates, P.E., 2016. Underrepresented minority dentists: quantifying their numbers and characterizing the communities they serve. Health Affairs, 35(12), pp.2190-2199.

Proposition 1: Ethics and practice are reciprocal.

Proposition 2: *Pursuing racial justice, and unlearning structural racism and institutional white supremacy, are proactive practices of humility, persistence, and optimism.*



Emerging Evidence: Racially Minoritized Students' Pathways to and through Dental School

Student experiences and administrator insights

- Undergraduate advising
- Application reviews and admissions requirements
- Resources
- "Fit": Institutions, peers, mentors
- Experiences of racism



Emerging Evidence: Virginia's Approach

2021 Dental Workforce

2021 Dental Hygienist Workforce

Race & Ethnicity								
Race/ Ethnicity	Virginia*	Dentists		Dentists Under 40				
	%	#	%	#	%			
White	61%	2,787	62%	726	55%			
Black	19%	272	6%	66	5%			
Asian	7%	971	21%	355	27%			
Other Race	0%	169	4%	68	5%			
Two or More Races	3%	84	2%	30	2%			
Hispanic	10%	246	5%	74	6%			
Total	100%	4,529	100%	1,319	100%			

Race & Ethnicity								
Race/ Ethnicity	Virginia*	Dental Hygienists		Hygienists Under 40				
	%	#	%	#	%			
White	61%	3,384	78%	1,342	76%			
Black	19%	225	5%	89	5%			
Hispanic	10%	233	5%	111	6%			
Asian	7%	320	7%	161	9%			
Two or More Races	3%	111	3%	55	3%			
Other Race	0%	55	1%	15	1%			
Total	100%	4,328	100%	1,773	100%			

*Population data in this chart is from the U.S. Census, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States, States, and Counties: July 1, 2019.

*Population data in this chart is from the US Census, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States, States, and Counties: July 1, 2019.

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Source: Virginia's Dentistry Workforce: 2021 and Virginia's Dental Hygienist Workforce: 2021. Virginia Department of Health Professions -Healthcare Workforce Data Center April 2021. Accessed September 2021.



Future Directions

Education

- Reparative action plans
- Early introduction to dental careers
- Holistic applicant reviews
- Research and ed careers training



Public Oral Health

- Equity and data in all strategies, to advance accountability
- Coalition-building with both anticipated and novel partners

Private Sector

- Diversify leadership in professional orgs
- Interprofessional association collabs
- Mentorship commitments
- Whole-team approach

Contact Information

Sarah E. Raskin, PhD, MPH

Assistant Professor

iCubed Oral Health Core

L. Douglas Wilder School of Government & Public Affairs

Virginia Commonwealth University

<u>seraskin@vcu.edu</u>







What Is Structural Racism? Why Should I as an Oral Healthcare Professional Care?

Derek M. Griffith, PhD

Washington, DC September 30, 2021

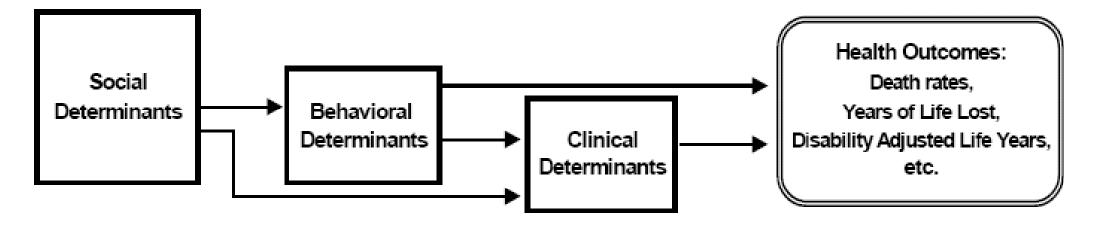


What Determines Health?

"Health is about more than health care, with health care accounting for only an estimated 10% to 20% of health outcomes. As reported in JAMA 23 years ago, the nation's major diseases have more to do with unhealthful behaviors – for example, smoking – than health care. Overenthusiastic advocates of personal responsibility, however, often blame poor health entirely on individuals and their imprudent habits. **Behaviors... are often influenced by environmental factors beyond personal control**."

(Woolf & Purnell, 2016)

Simplified Causal Pathways to Population Health Outcomes



Source: CJ Murray & AD Lopez. On the comparable quantification of health risks: lessons from the Global Burden of Disease Study. Epidemiology. Vol. 10, No. 5, pp 594-605, 1999.

Social Determinants of Health



Social Determinants of Health Copyright-free الله Healthy People 2030

Racism Is a Cause of Other Social Determinants of Health

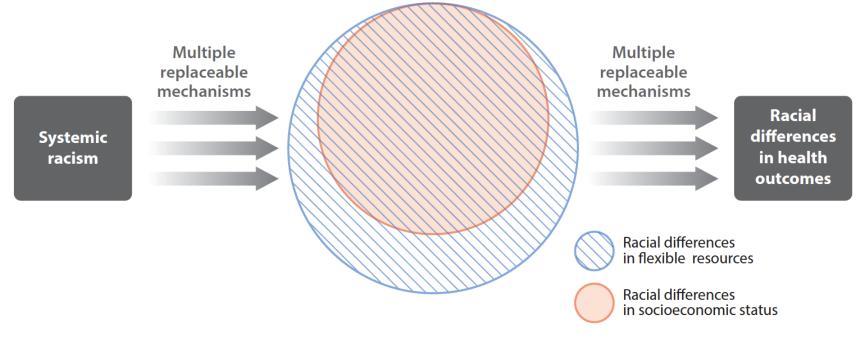
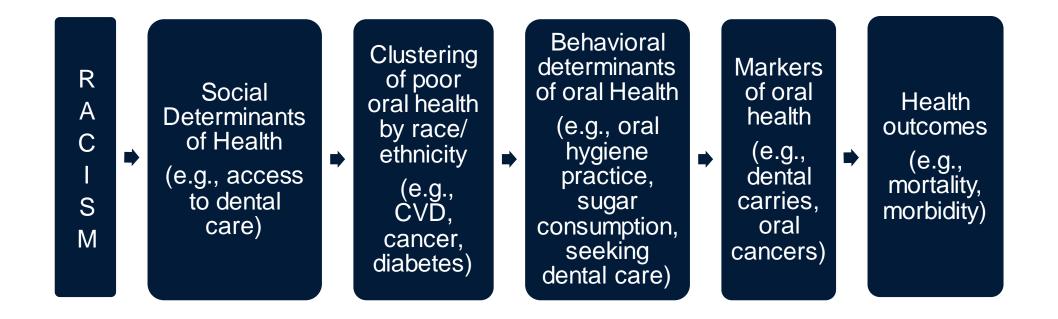


Figure 1

Racism as a fundamental cause of health inequalities: conceptual model.

(Phelan & Link, 2015)

As Someone Interested in Oral Health Care, Why Should I about Racism?



Racism Defined

"Racism is an **organized social system** in which the dominant racial group, **based on an ideology of inferiority**, categorizes and ranks people into social groups called "races" and uses its power to devalue, disempower, and **differentially allocate valued societal resources and opportunities** to groups defined as inferior".

(Williams et al., 2019)

Racism Is...

- Racism unfairly disadvantages some individuals and communities, unfairly advantages other individuals and communities and saps the strength of the whole society through the waste of human resources
- A frame and an *analytic tool* to explain power systems, patterns and outcomes, not an individual characteristic
- A system of power whose mechanisms are in the structures, policies, practices, norms and values of our decision-making

(Came & Griffith, 2018; Jones, 2019)

Structural Racism



The totality of ways that societies foster racial discrimination through mutually reinforcing systems. These patterns and practices in turn reinforce discriminatory beliefs, values, and distribution of resources.

(Bailey, et al., 2017; Morgan, 2018)

Antiracism refers to the conscious decision to make frequent, consistent, equitable choices daily. These choices require ongoing self-awareness and self-reflection as we move through life.



Being Anti Racist by Angela Y. Davis

Commentary: Racism and Health

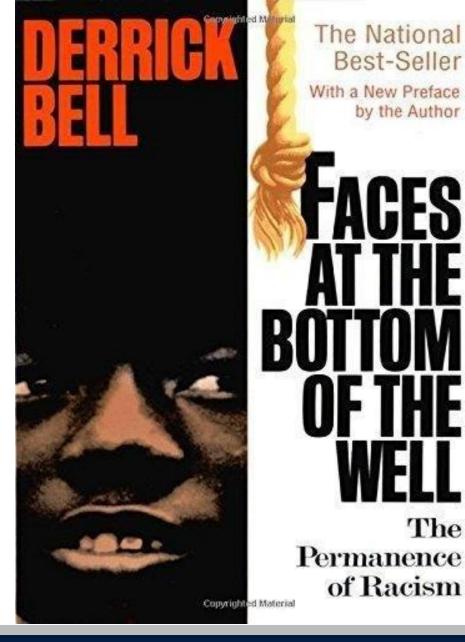
ART, ANTI-RACISM AND HEALTH EQUITY: "DON'T ASK ME WHY, ASK ME HOW!"

Derek M. Griffith, PhD¹; Andrea R. Semlow, MS, MPH¹

Conclusion: Art can be an important tool to facilitate moving past intellectual arguments that seek to explain, justify and excuse racism. Art may be particularly important in efforts to illuminate how racism operates in organizational or institutional contexts and to communicate hope, resilience, and strength amid what seems impossible. *Ethn Dis.* 2020;30(3):373-380; doi:10.18865/ ed.30.3.373 *Ethnicity & Disease*, Volume 30, Number 3, Summer 2020

"If we are to seek new goals for our struggles, we must first reassess the worth of the racial assumptions on which, without careful thought, we have presumed too much and relied on too long. Let's begin."

> – Derrick Bell (1993) Faces at the Bottom of the Well, p. 14



Contact Information

Derek M. Griffith, PhD

Founding Co-Director, Racial Justice Institute Founder & Director, Center for Men's Health Equity Professor of Health Systems Administration & Oncology Georgetown University Derek.Griffith@georgetown.edu



Policies and Practices that Promote Antiracism in Oral and Primary Health Care Settings

Monica L. Wang, ScD, MS

Associate Professor BU School of Public Health

Associate Director BU Center for Antiracist Research

AdjunctAssociate Professor Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health







How do we build an inclusive and antiracist environment in oral health and primary care settings?

Individual

Interpersonal

Organizational

How Do We Create a More Inclusive and Antiracist Environment in Oral Health and Primary Care Settings?

Individual-level

- Use terms accurately (e.g., racist, racism) and talk about them
- Be curious about your own biases (Project Implicit)
- Learn about the different forms of racism; what coping with it looks like
- Pay attention to the language used to describe people
- Familiarize yourself with the literature on racial/ethnic health inequities in your field
 - Ask WHY they exist? What assumptions may be underlying interpretations of data?



Interpersonal

Be an active bystander/ally

- Focus on calling out the specific behavior
- Diffuse the situation
- Discuss the situation with a group leader
- Mentor and be a sponsor

Treat patients with a health equity lens

- Recognize the need to build trust
 - Spend quality time (ask more or different questions, encourage dialogue, ask for feedback)
 - Avoid coming across as in a rush or impatient
- Meet patients where they are
- Learn more about different sub-groups and ask; don't assume



Organizational-Level

Culture

- Revisit and establish guidelines around work culture
- Establish protocols to address discrimination in the work setting and accountability structures

Research, Teaching, and Practice

- Value and encourage research on health equity
- Integrate health equity into training programs and CME
- Establish or enhance partnerships with community organizations

Data and Policies

- Examine for inequities in the data (patient outcomes, employee data, hiring, promotion, pay)
- Review policies, protocols, algorithms, etc. that might discriminate against certain groups.
- Address under-representation internally (trainees, staff, committees, higher-level positions) and externally (patient population)

Guiding Questions

How are **race and ethnicity defined and measured** in your health care system?

Which **racial health inequities** are most pressing for your patient population? Most preventable? Are they worse or better than national or regional statistics? What can be done to address them?

To what extent is your patient population **representative** of the community?

Do you have **protocols** in place for addressing discrimination (all types) that occurs in the work setting?

Opportunities and resources devoted to cultivating a more inclusive and antiracist work environment?





Antiracism and Health Equity: An Evidence-Based Understanding of Patients' Health in the Context of Their Circumstances



Contact Information

Monica Wang, ScD, MS

Associate Professor BU School of Public Health Associate Director BU Center for Antiracist Research Adjunct Associate Professor Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health mlwang@bu.edu

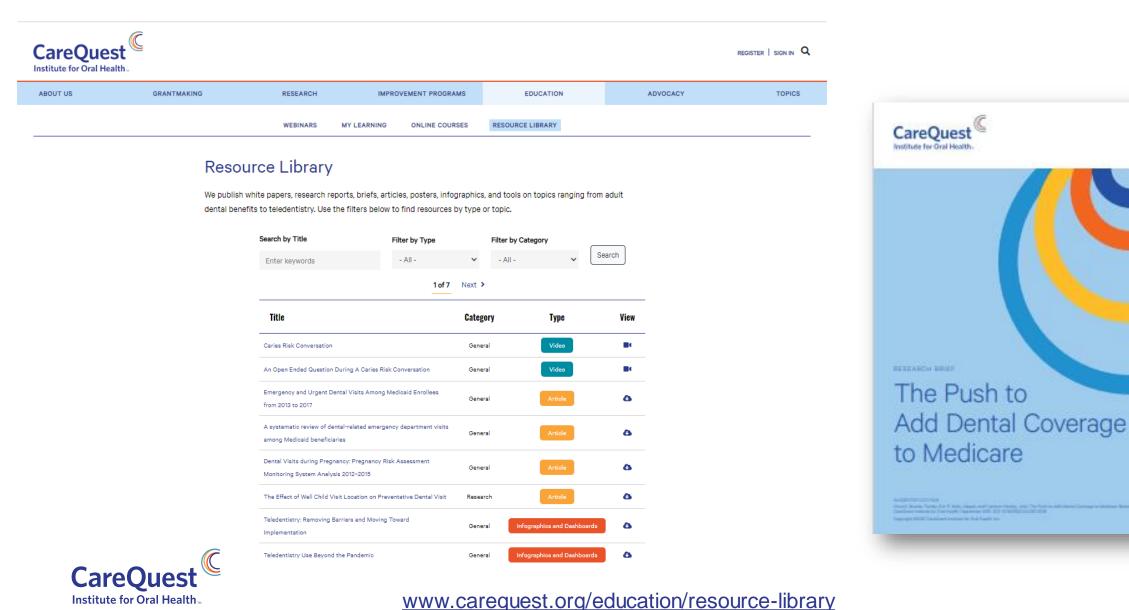




Questions



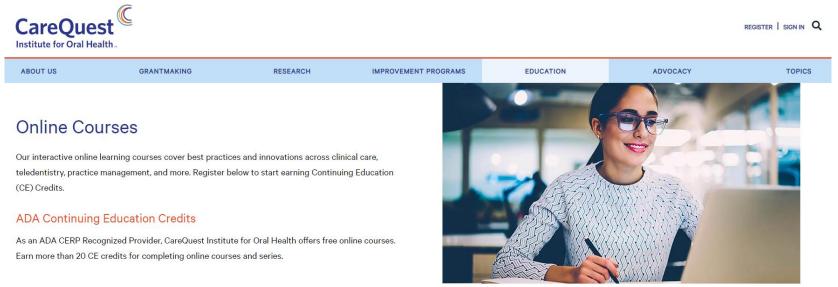
To Explore More Industry-Leading Research



45

CareQuest Institute Online Learning Center

- Visit our website to access past webinar recordings and earn CE credits upon completion of the online learning modules. We also have a growing collection of other online learning modules and various resources.
- Sign up for our newsletter to get more information on upcoming webinars.
- <u>https://www.carequest.org/education/online-courses</u>





*Online courses developed before March 29, 2021, were offered by the DentaQuest Partnership for Oral Health Advancement. All nonprofit programs from the Partnership are now part of CareQuest Institute for Oral Health

Webinar Evaluation

https://www.carequest.org/node/228744

*Deadline is **October 8** in order to receive CE credit

Upcoming Webinars:

- How Value-Based Care Will Change
 Dentistry's Future
- October 21, 2021

Sign up to receive our newsletter to get more information on future webinars!

SIGN UP FOR NEWS AND UPDATES

Email*

For information on our privacy practices and commitment to protecting your privacy, please review our Privacy Policy. You may unsubscribe from these communications at any time.

Sign Up





Follow us on social media and let's get connected!





