American Indian and Alaska Native Oral Health: Challenges and Opportunities

CareQuest Institute Continuing Education Webinar

March 30, 2023



Housekeeping

- We will keep all lines muted to avoid background noise.
- We will send a copy of the slides and a link to the recording via email after the live program.
- We'll also make the slides and recording available on carequest.org.

To receive CE Credits:

- Look for the evaluation form, which we'll send via email within 24 hours.
- Complete the evaluation by Friday, April 7.
- Eligible participants will receive a certificate soon after via email.

We appreciate your feedback to help us improve future programs!

ADA C·E·R·P[®] Continuing Education Recognition Program

The CareQuest Institute for Oral Health is an ADA CERP Recognized Provider. This presentation has been planned and implemented in accordance with the standards of the ADA CERP.

*Full disclosures available upon request



Question & Answer Logistics

- Feel free to enter your questions into the **Question & Answer box** throughout the presentations.
- We will turn to your questions and comments toward the end of the hour.

		lcome			
	Feel free to ask the ho	st and panelists	question	S	
Type you	Ir question here				



Learning Objectives

At the end of this webinar, you'll be able to:

- Identify the specific and systemic barriers to oral health care, such as structural racism, that native communities face in accessing oral health care.
- Discuss the importance of culturally and community-driven strategies for improving oral health in native communities.
- Examine opportunities for implementing and supporting the development of culturally and community-driven strategies for improving oral health in native communities.
- Analyze the multifactorial solutions native-led organizations are implementing to improve the oral health system for native communities.





Vision

A future where every person can reach their full potential through excellent health

Mission

To improve the oral health of all

Purpose

To catalyze the future of health through oral health





American Indian and Alaska Native Oral Health: Challenges and Opportunities



Institute for Oral Health。 National Indian Health Board

CareQuest

WEBINAR | Thursday, March 30, 2023 | 1–2 p.m. ET | ADA CERP Credits: 1





American Indian and Alaska Native Oral Health: Challenges and Opportunities



Disclaimer: "The opinions expressed and highlighted in this presentation and on the following slides are solely those of the presenting organizations and individuals, and not reflective of the views of any single individual's employer"

Disclosure: All presenters today attest that they do not have any conflicts of interest to disclose.











The Teeth of Early Native Americans

- Between 1830-1836 George Catlin, an American artist, traveled west of the Mississippi to paint portraits of American Indians.
- Catlin was struck by the beauty of their teeth. He noted: "These people, who talk little and sleep naturally, have no dentists . . . their teeth rise from the gums and arrange themselves as regular as the keys of a piano . . . No decay or aches, strong enamel and jaws."



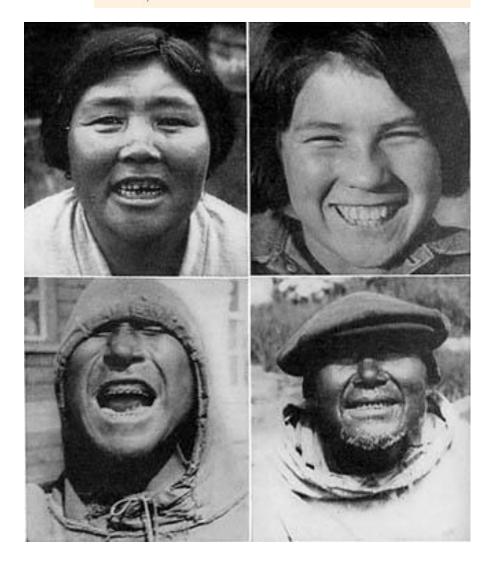


"Shon-ta-yi-ga, Little Wolf, a Famous Warrior." Painting by George Catlin, 1844 - Henderson, 2009



The Teeth of Early Native Americans

- In 1933, Weston Price, a Canadian dentist, studied Native Americans and Alaska Natives who lived only on native foods.
- What he found was an almost complete absence of tooth decay and dental deformities among Native Americans who lived as their ancestors did.
- He noted "strong, rugged Alaska Native mothers and their babies with no dental decay."



NORTHWEST PORTLAND AREA

INDIAN HEALTH BOARD Indian Leadership for Indian Health





Effects of Colonization on Health

When traditional foods were replaced with processed and rationed foods, health deteriorated rapidly:

- Rampant tooth decay
- Diabetes
- Crippling arthritis
- Other chronic diseases







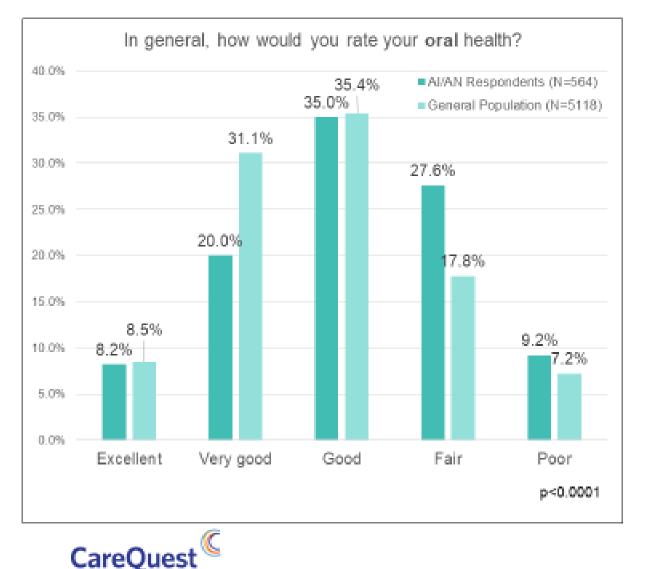
Price, W. (1939). Nutrition and Physical Degeneration. Project Gutenberg Australia (2002). https://gutenberg.net.au/ebooks02/0200251h.html

State of Oral Health Equity in America (SOHEA) Survey

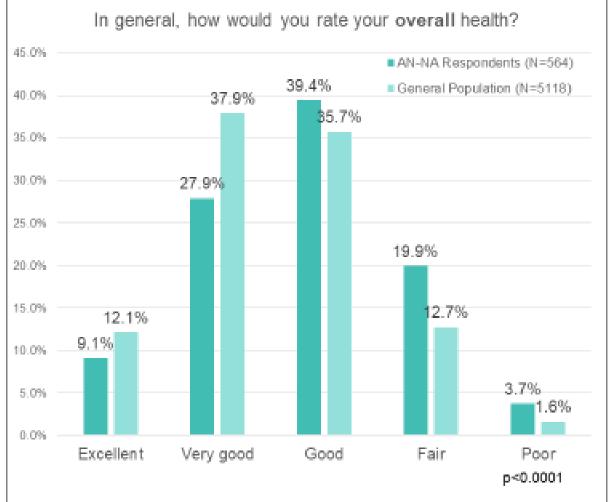
- Online & telephone survey through NORC's AmeriSpeak® Panel
 - Probability-based, representative of U.S. household population
- Sampling strata based on age, race/Hispanic ethnicity, education, gender
 - Total sample of 564 American Indian/Native Alaskan (Al/NA) panelists (9.9% of final overall sample)
- Adults aged 18+; one respondent per household
- Final sample size = **5**,**682**
 - Weighted cumulative response rate = 4%
 - Margin of error = 1.75%



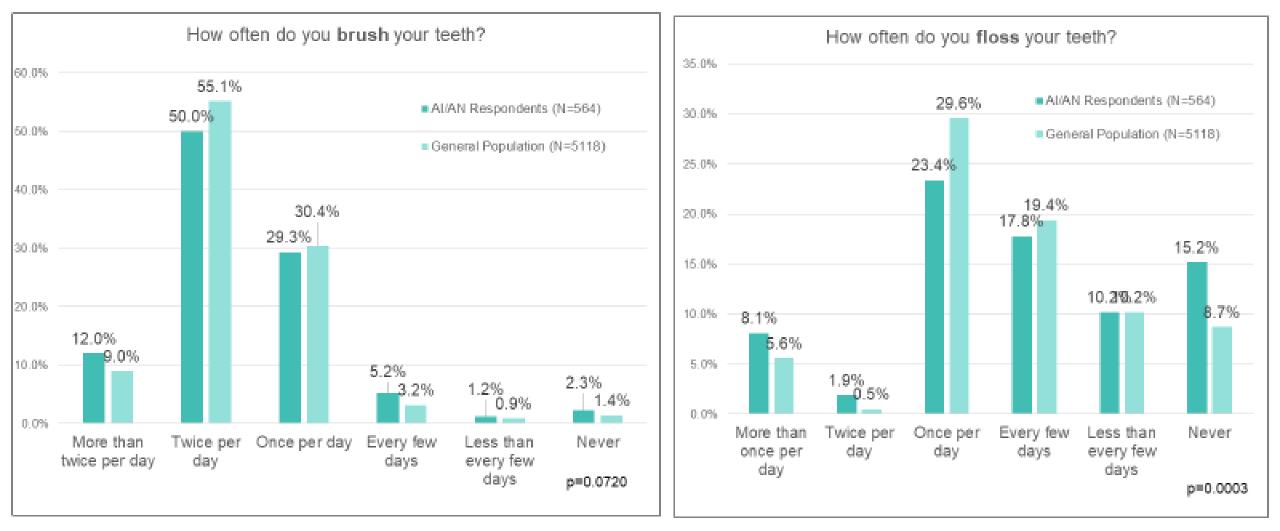
Self-Rated Oral and Overall Health



Institute for Oral Health-



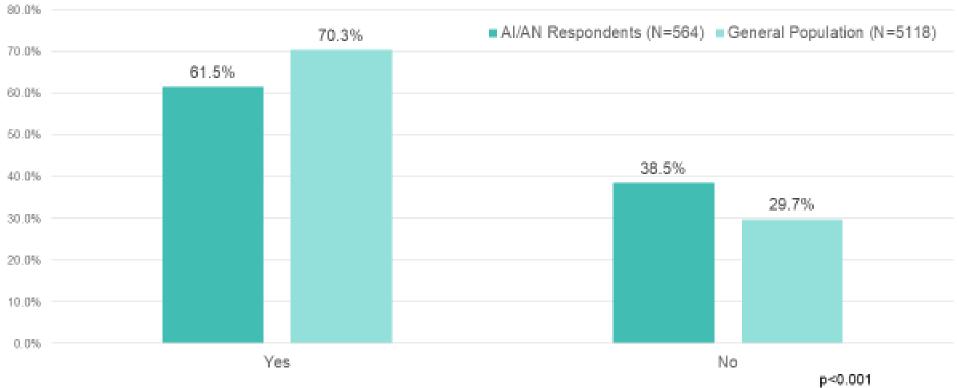
Oral Hygiene Practices





Dental Insurance

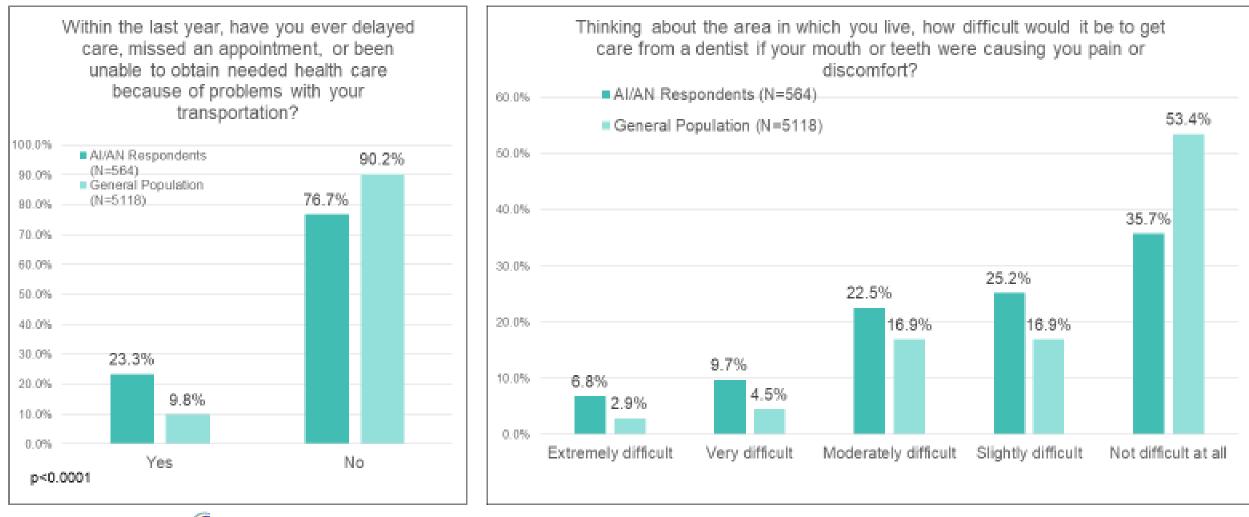
Do you currently have dental insurance?





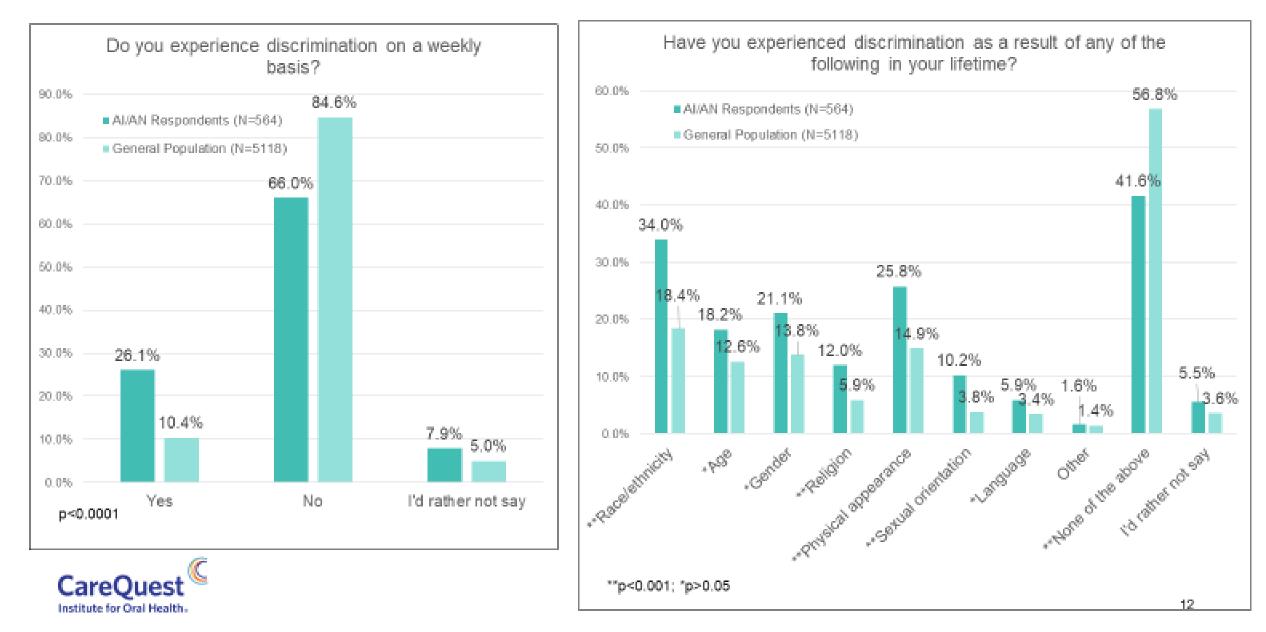


Transportation, Location and Access to Care



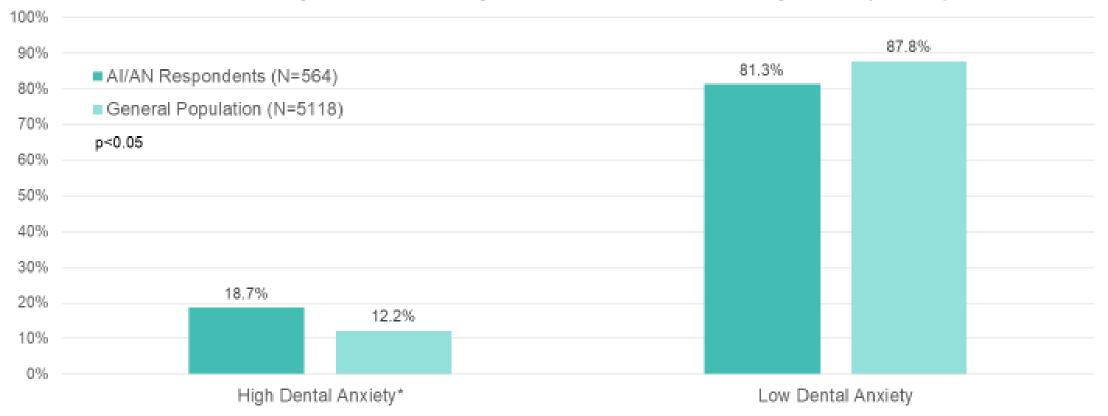


Discrimination – Weekly and Lifetime



Dental Anxiety

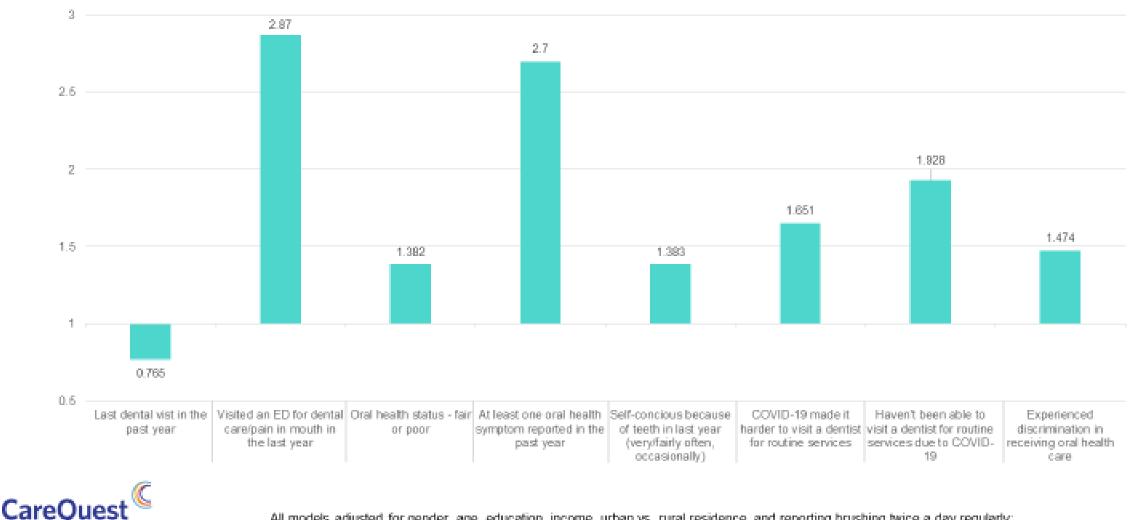
Dental Anxiety as Measured by the Modified Dental Anxiety Scale (MDAS)





*High dental anxiety defined as MDAS≥19 (Humphris G, Morrison T, Lindsay SJE. The Modified Dental Anxiety Scale: UK norms and evidence for validity. Community Dental Health. 1995;12:143–150.)

Multiple regression analysis results AI/AN individuals compared to other survey respondents



All models adjusted for gender, age, education, income, urban vs. rural residence, and reporting brushing twice a day regularly; Other (non-Al/NA) respondents are the reference; all models shown significant at p<0.05.

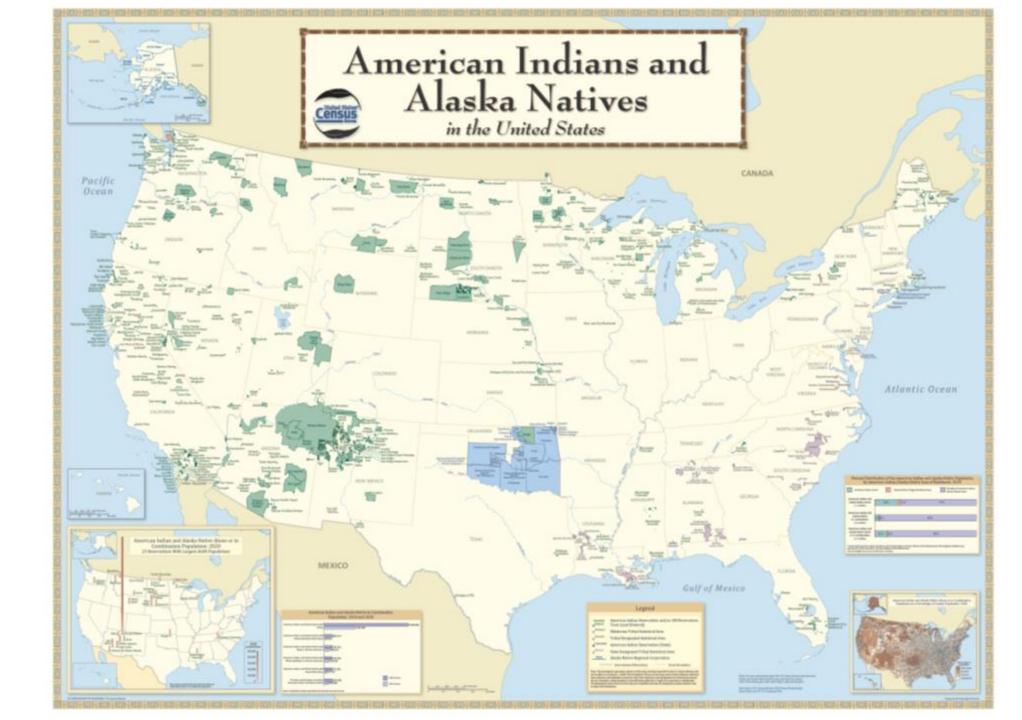
Institute for Oral Health-

Diversity among AI/AN People in the US

574 Federally Recognized Tribes

https://www2.census.gov/geo/maps/DC2 020/AIANWall2020/2020_AIAN_US.pdf





Working for AI/AN Oral Health

Tribal Leaders and Citizens

Native-led Indian Health Boards

- National Indian Health Board
- Area Indian Health Boards (11)
- Advocacy
- Policy Formation and Analysis
- Legislative and Regulatory Tracking
- Communication
- Research on Indian Health Issues
- Program Development and Assessment
- Training and Technical Assistance
 Programs
- Project Management

Urban Indian Health

Native Oral Health Network

- Diverse group promoting AI/AN health
- Peer support
- Collaboration
- Community Engagement

Federal Government

- Indian Health Service
- Since 1955
- Direct and contract services
- Chronically underfunded
- Advanced Appropriations 2023
- Surveillance (data collection)
- Dental Support Centers (9)

CHAP

Society of American Indian Dentists

- Supporting Indigenous Dentists
- Increasing Indigenous Dentists

Other Native-led Organizations

Funders







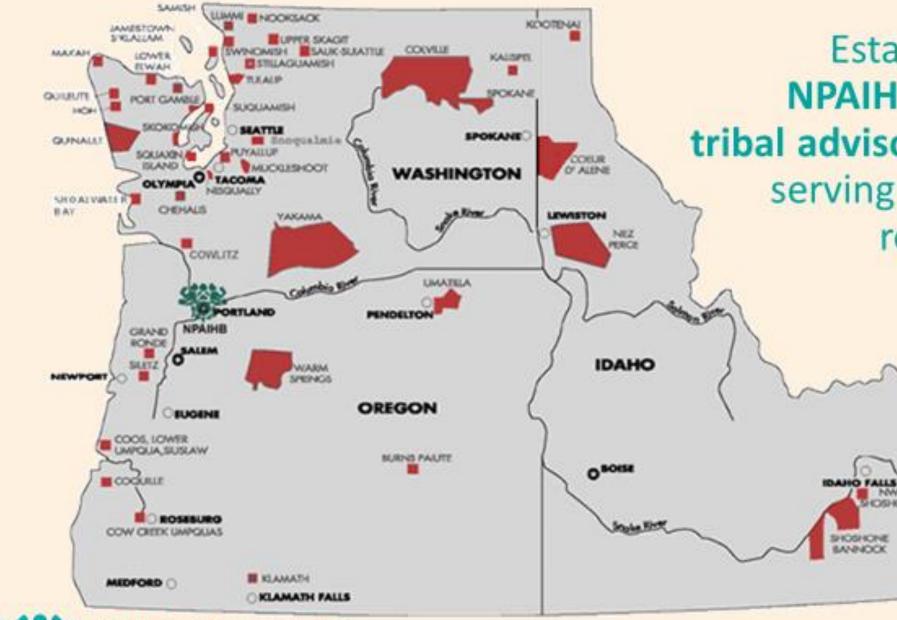






Established in 1972, **NPAIHB** is a non-profit tribal advisory organization serving the 43 federally recognized tribes of Oregon, Washington, and Idaho.

NW SHOSHON



NORTHWEST PORTLAND AREA INDIAN HEALTH BOARD Indian Leadership for Indian Health

Northwest Tribal Dental Support Center

31/43 Tribes have dental programs + 3 Urban Indian Clinics = 39 Dental Clinics





NTDSC Activities

Provide clinical program support
 Site Visits, Prevention program support

Training, Technical Assistance

Provide continuing dental education (CDE) opportunities

- Webinars, ECHOs, Site Visits
- Annual Portland Area Dental Meeting: Aug 14-16, 2023
- Initiatives

Baby Teeth Matter, Elders' Initiative, We Smile MID Style

Aims: Increase Access, Decrease Disease, Improve Satisfaction

Implement an Area-wide oral health surveillance system IHS Basic Screening Surveys





What Influences Oral Health Outcomes?

Institute for Oral Health



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Community Health Aide Program (CHAP) An effective system of local Tribal community-sourced, community-based providers



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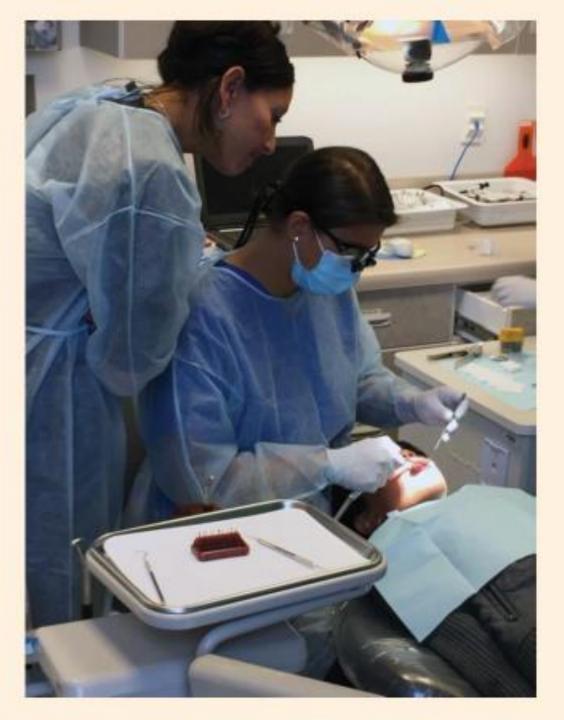
CHAP Addresses Social Determinants of Health!



DHAs in Dental Clinics

- Increase revenue/encounters
- Improve efficiency
- Reduce patient wait times
- Community-based care
- Providers work at top of scope
- Effective care:
 - Early
 - Frequent
 - Prevention-focused
 - Person-centered





DHAs work in the clinic and the community

How?

- General supervision
- Culturally responsive
- Trauma informed
- Prevention focused
- Continuity of care
- Building trust



Marissa Gardner, DHAT, LDT, Oregon, 2019

Where?

- School Programs
- Parent Groups
- Elder Care
- Home Visits
- Hospitals
- Meals on Wheels
- Long-term care
- Mobile vans
- Clinic



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dəx^wxayəbus-Dental Therapy Program



Skagit Valley College - 2019



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CODA*

Commission on Dental Accreditation



Swinomish Dental Clinic - 2019













Epidemiology in Indian Country

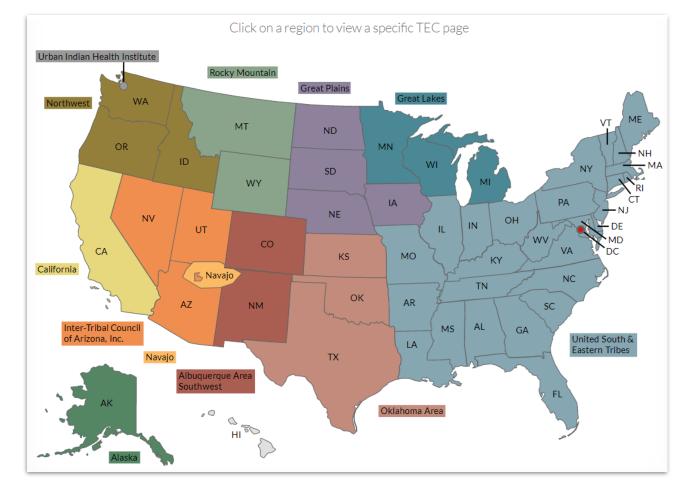
US Department of Health and Human Services (Indian Health Service)

Division of Epidemiology and Disease Prevention (1996)

- 12 Tribal Epidemiology Centers
- https://tribalepicenters.org

Tribes

- Some have epidemiology and/or research departments
- Some have epidemiologists employed in Health Departments





Epidemiological Challenges in Indian Country

Methodological

- Racial misclassification
- Lack of data
- Data sharing agreements
- Data disaggregation

Structural

- Distance between epidemiology centers and Tribes
- Fiscal instability
- Data standardization
- Competing Tribal interests

Historical

- Mistrust
- Lack of public health and data infrastructures





Epidemiological Strengths in Indian Country

Methodological

- National data is now being linked (Cancer, Deaths)
- IHS Advanced Appropriations
- IHS Data Modernization Project
 - IHS EHR line item in budget

Structural

- Tribal Epidemiology Centers
- Tribal interest
- Awareness among funders
- Many Tribal staff are experts

Historical

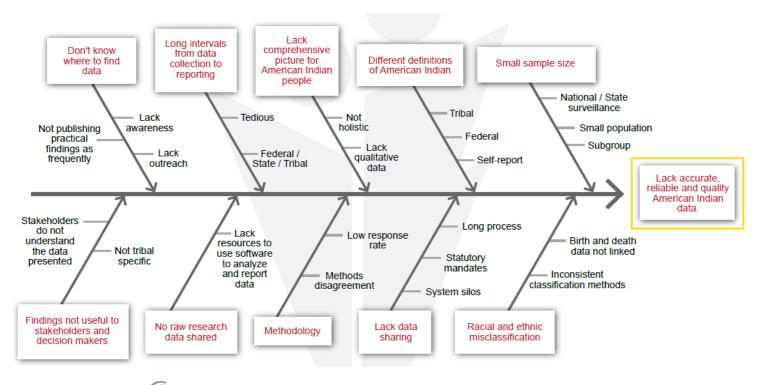
- National/State interests in AI/AN population issues
- Funds are beginning to be available (limited but there)





American Indian Data Community of Practice (AIDCoP)

The AIDCoP is a voluntary and evolutionary forum engaging data experts and stakeholders to exchange information, seek and offer consultation, share ideas, brainstorm for innovation, and seek peer-to-peer collaborative initiatives related to American Indian people in Oklahoma.







Racial Misclassification

Historically "Born Indian, Die White"

- A significant problem when describing health disparities and equity
- AI/AN populations are often racially misclassified in datasets which are critical for decision-making, appropriately sourced funding, etc.
- SPTHB/OUHSC conducted a special research project linking mortality data to IHS data and found that AI/ANs were racially misclassified upon death between 20 and 40 percent of the time, depending on geography.
- AI/AN data may be altogether omitted from data reporting ("othering").

Research shows misclassification exists across various databases.

- It impacts all races.
- When a person is misclassified, it subtracts a data point from one race making it artificially lower, and includes that data point into another race, making it artificially higher.



Out with "Othering"

The Urban Indian Health Institute (UIHI) recommends:

- Include AI/AN as an individual category and allow for combination with other racial groups for individuals who identify as more than one race/ethnicity
- Include tribal influence and leadership when designing research protocols and collecting data designed to reflect rural and urban AI/AN populations

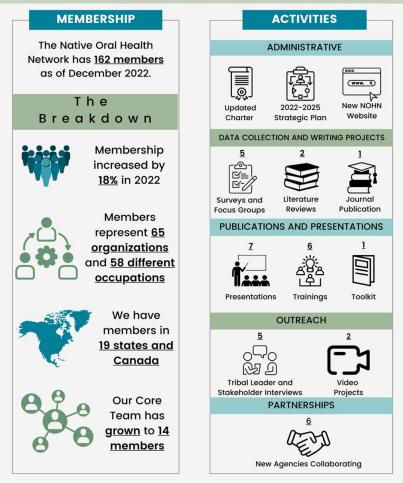


- Aggregate data across longer times
- Weighted sampling
- Limiting stratification
- Including appropriate confounding variables
- Oversampling
- Using mixed methods
- Reporting limitations





2022 YEAR IN REVIEW



The Native Oral Health Network is funded through the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Indian Health Service-Community Health Aide Program Tribal Assessment and Planning, National Indian Health Board, and Oklahoma State Department of Health.











Building healthier Native communities by connecting oral health to overall health and wellness through peer support, collaboration, and community engagement.

https://www.thesaidonline.org/



CareQuest

Since its founding in 1990 with just a few members, SAID has promoted dental health in American Indian communities, encouraged AI/AN youth to pursue careers in the profession of dentistry, provided rolemodel leadership, and promoted and supported the unique concerns of AI/AN dentists.

> NEED: 105 new dentist graduates REALITY: 5 graduates in 2023

CALL TO ACTION

- Oral Health Research in Partnership
- Education
- Workforce
- Community/NonProfit/Grantmaking
- Policy



"Data looks at people of color as problems to solve and we are not; we are in fact every single of one the answers. When consulted, when and how we are able to use our decolonized data practices, when tribal sovereignty is respected, when tribal epidemiology centers and tribal public health authorities are respected and we receive the resources we have a legal right to through our treaties, we are not the problem to solve, the systems are the problems to solve." – Abigail Echo-Hawk

CDC Webinar: Data Practice through the lens of American Indian/Alaska Native Communities







Tribal Oral Health Initiative



Miranda Davis, DDS, MPH Director, Dental Health Aide Program Tribal Community Health Provider Program <u>mdavis@npaihb.org</u>



Cristin Haase, DMD, MPH President Society of American Indian Dentists haasedmd@gmail.com



Julie Seward, RDH, MEd Oral Health Programs Manager Southern Plains Tribal Health Board jseward@spthb.org

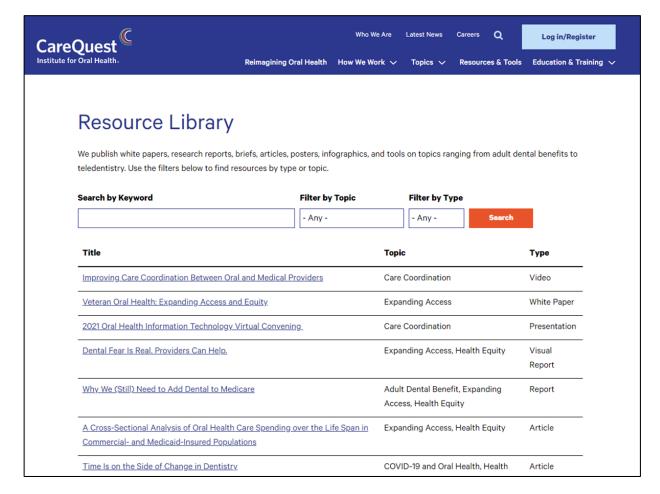


Kari Ann Kuntzelman Dental Health Aide Education Specialist, Dental Therapist Northwest Portland Area Indian Health Board <u>kkuntzelman@npaihb.org</u>



Question and Answer

To Explore More Industry-Leading Research



www.carequest.org/resource-library





Oral health and overall health are inextricably linked. There is mounting evidence to suggest that poor oral health is related to a <u>variety of chronic health constitions</u>, such as high blood pressure, dementia, diabetea, and obesity. Despite this known connection, dental care is still largely sliced from medical care. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) estimates that integrating basic health screenings into a dental setting could save the health care system up to \$100 million every year.¹

CareQuest institute for Oral Health conducted a nationally representative survey in January and February 2021 to assess consumers' perspectives on oral and overall health (in F5220). CareQuest Institute also conducted a nationwide survey of oral health providers to assess perspectives and current behaviors related to integratego and oral health providers described a lack of Integration between medical and oral health care, and a desire for increased integrotesisional collaboration.

Key Findings: Medical-dental collaboration is currently uncommon.



Webinar Evaluation

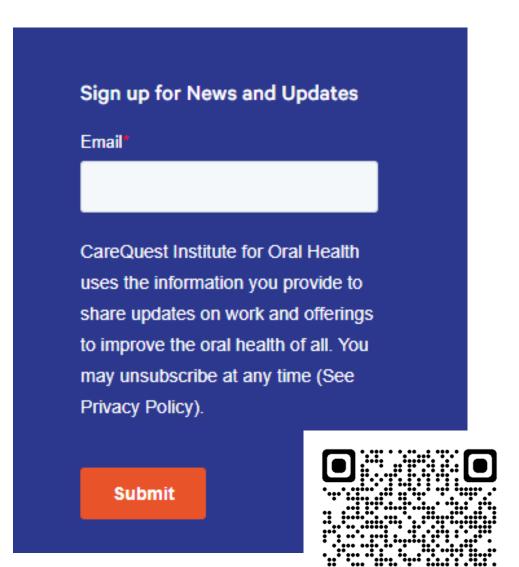
Complete the **evaluation by Friday, April 7** to receive CE credit. You will receive a link to the survey within 24 hours.

Next Webinar:

April 13: Practical Considerations for Caring for Individuals with Disabilities at 7–8 p.m. ET

April 27: Strategies for Providing Care to Patients with Autism at 7—8 p.m. ET

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